

## 4-{[(E)-(3-Phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-methylidene]amino}-1H-1,2,4-triazole-5(4H)-thione

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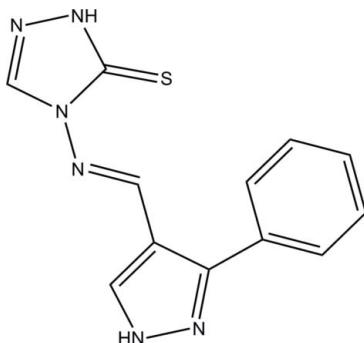
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.040;  $wR$  factor = 0.120; data-to-parameter ratio = 24.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_6\text{S}$ , a weak intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bond stabilizes the molecular conformation. The pyrazole and triazole rings form a dihedral angle of  $17.82(8)^\circ$ . The molecule adopts an *E* configuration with respect to the central  $\text{C}=\text{N}$  double bond. In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds link molecules into chains propagating in [201].

### Related literature

For applications of Schiff bases, see: Kahveci *et al.* (2005); Bekircan *et al.* (2006); Singh & Dash (1988). For a related structure, see: Fun *et al.* (2010).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_6\text{S}$

$M_r = 270.32$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 4.1180(4)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 17.9237(16)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 17.0787(15)\text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 97.352(3)^\circ$   
 $V = 1250.2(2)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296\text{ K}$   
 $0.55 \times 0.26 \times 0.19\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.872$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.954$

14262 measured reflections  
 4361 independent reflections  
 3204 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.120$   
 $S = 1.03$   
 4361 reflections  
 180 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
 Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
N2—H1N2···S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.84 (2)	2.59 (2)	3.3593 (15)	153.6 (17)
N6—H1N6···N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (2)	1.91 (2)	2.7884 (15)	168.0 (2)
C10—H10A···S1	0.93	2.50	3.2183 (13)	134

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x - 1, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5118).

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## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o1944 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811024834]

## 4-{{(E)-(3-Phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)methylidene]amino}-1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-5(4*H*)-thione

**H.-K. Fun, M. Hemamalini, S. Malladi and A. M. Isloor**

### Comment

Schiff bases derived from various heterocycles have been reported to possess antimicrobial (Kahveci *et al.*, 2005), anticancer (Bekircan *et al.*, 2006) and antifungal (Singh *et al.*, 1988) activities. Recently, we have reported the crystal structure of 3-Ethyl-6-[3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrazole-4-yl]-1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-*b*][1,3,4]thiadiazole (Fun *et al.*, 2010). In continuation of our studies of triazole derivatives, the title compound, (I), has been synthesized. Herewith we present its crystal structure.

In (I) (Fig. 1), the central pyrazole ring (N1–N2/C7–C9) makes dihedral angles of 37.64 (8) and 17.82 (8) $^{\circ}$  with the adjacent phenyl (C1–C6) and triazole (N4–N6/C11–C12) rings, respectively. The dihedral angle between the terminal phenyl (C1–C6) and triazole (N4–N6/C11–C12) rings is 47.08 (9) $^{\circ}$ . The molecule adopts an *E* configuration about the central C10=N3 double bond.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular N6—H1N6 $\cdots$ N1 and N2—H1N2 $\cdots$ S1 (Table 1) hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains propagated in [2 0 -1].

### Experimental

An equimolar mixture of 4-amino-4*H*-1,2,4-triazole-3-thiol (0.116 g, 0.001 mol) and 3-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde (0.172 g, 0.001) in ethanol were refluxed for 7–8 hours in presence of catalytic amount of sulfuric acid. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with ethanol and recrystallised from ethanol-dioxane mixture. Yield: 0.214 g, 79.25%. M.p- 526–528 K.

### Refinement

Atoms H1N2 and H1N6 were located from a difference Fourier maps and isotropically refined. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically [C–H = 0.93 Å] and were refined using a riding model, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .

### Figures

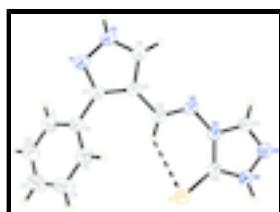


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme. Dashed line denotes weak intramolecular hydrogen bond.

# supplementary materials

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## 4-{{(E)-(3-Phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methylidene]amino}- 1*H*-1,2,4-triazole-5(4*H*)-thione

### Crystal data

C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>10</sub> N <sub>6</sub> S	<i>F</i> (000) = 560
<i>M<sub>r</sub></i> = 270.32	<i>D<sub>x</sub></i> = 1.436 Mg m <sup>-3</sup>
Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 <sub>1</sub> /c	Mo <i>Kα</i> radiation, $\lambda$ = 0.71073 Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 4488 reflections
<i>a</i> = 4.1180 (4) Å	$\theta$ = 2.7–32.1°
<i>b</i> = 17.9237 (16) Å	$\mu$ = 0.25 mm <sup>-1</sup>
<i>c</i> = 17.0787 (15) Å	<i>T</i> = 296 K
$\beta$ = 97.352 (3)°	Block, colourless
<i>V</i> = 1250.2 (2) Å <sup>3</sup>	0.55 × 0.26 × 0.19 mm
<i>Z</i> = 4	

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII DUO CCD area-detector diffractometer	4361 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3204 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 32.2^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	$h = -5 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.872$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.954$	$k = -23 \rightarrow 26$
14262 measured reflections	$l = -24 \rightarrow 25$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.120$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.03$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0574P)^2 + 0.2417P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
4361 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
180 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between

s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.40558 (10)	0.78578 (2)	0.54047 (2)	0.04665 (12)
N1	0.9965 (3)	0.79730 (6)	0.20882 (6)	0.0407 (3)
N2	1.0317 (3)	0.72254 (7)	0.20392 (7)	0.0420 (3)
N3	0.5720 (3)	0.66043 (6)	0.39821 (6)	0.0384 (2)
N4	0.3925 (3)	0.64999 (5)	0.46129 (6)	0.0348 (2)
N5	0.1337 (4)	0.57751 (7)	0.53767 (7)	0.0488 (3)
N6	0.1665 (3)	0.64885 (6)	0.56639 (7)	0.0413 (3)
C1	0.6630 (4)	0.93695 (8)	0.23797 (9)	0.0472 (3)
H1A	0.6471	0.9232	0.1851	0.057*
C2	0.5789 (5)	1.00854 (9)	0.25766 (11)	0.0598 (4)
H2A	0.5067	1.0426	0.2181	0.072*
C3	0.6017 (5)	1.02944 (9)	0.33542 (12)	0.0641 (5)
H3A	0.5426	1.0774	0.3487	0.077*
C4	0.7125 (5)	0.97907 (10)	0.39391 (11)	0.0629 (5)
H4A	0.7289	0.9935	0.4466	0.075*
C5	0.7998 (4)	0.90706 (9)	0.37484 (9)	0.0491 (3)
H5A	0.8769	0.8736	0.4145	0.059*
C6	0.7714 (3)	0.88523 (7)	0.29628 (7)	0.0370 (3)
C7	0.8527 (3)	0.80877 (7)	0.27359 (7)	0.0341 (2)
C8	0.9156 (3)	0.68630 (7)	0.26224 (8)	0.0388 (3)
H8A	0.9153	0.6349	0.2698	0.047*
C9	0.7949 (3)	0.73971 (7)	0.30963 (7)	0.0337 (2)
C10	0.6185 (3)	0.72707 (7)	0.37639 (7)	0.0358 (2)
H10A	0.5400	0.7671	0.4030	0.043*
C11	0.2728 (4)	0.58040 (7)	0.47418 (8)	0.0450 (3)
H11A	0.2897	0.5399	0.4410	0.054*
C12	0.3230 (3)	0.69554 (7)	0.52237 (7)	0.0335 (2)
H1N2	1.114 (5)	0.7046 (11)	0.1654 (12)	0.064 (6)*
H1N6	0.095 (5)	0.6601 (12)	0.6124 (12)	0.067 (6)*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0665 (2)	0.03563 (18)	0.04225 (19)	-0.01109 (15)	0.02386 (16)	-0.00666 (13)
N1	0.0537 (7)	0.0369 (6)	0.0350 (5)	-0.0016 (4)	0.0193 (5)	0.0000 (4)
N2	0.0546 (7)	0.0397 (6)	0.0357 (5)	0.0009 (5)	0.0210 (5)	-0.0030 (4)
N3	0.0492 (6)	0.0373 (5)	0.0323 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0192 (4)	0.0020 (4)

## supplementary materials

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N4	0.0459 (6)	0.0294 (5)	0.0322 (5)	0.0016 (4)	0.0167 (4)	0.0020 (4)
N5	0.0741 (8)	0.0330 (6)	0.0443 (6)	-0.0067 (5)	0.0264 (6)	-0.0002 (4)
N6	0.0590 (7)	0.0339 (5)	0.0354 (5)	-0.0037 (5)	0.0225 (5)	-0.0012 (4)
C1	0.0609 (9)	0.0393 (7)	0.0429 (7)	0.0019 (6)	0.0128 (6)	0.0037 (5)
C2	0.0743 (11)	0.0391 (8)	0.0677 (10)	0.0064 (7)	0.0150 (9)	0.0070 (7)
C3	0.0760 (12)	0.0395 (8)	0.0797 (12)	0.0054 (8)	0.0213 (9)	-0.0107 (8)
C4	0.0801 (12)	0.0566 (10)	0.0543 (9)	-0.0021 (9)	0.0172 (8)	-0.0203 (8)
C5	0.0625 (9)	0.0468 (8)	0.0391 (7)	0.0006 (7)	0.0110 (6)	-0.0035 (6)
C6	0.0414 (6)	0.0348 (6)	0.0368 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0134 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C7	0.0393 (6)	0.0353 (6)	0.0294 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0113 (4)	0.0006 (4)
C8	0.0462 (7)	0.0358 (6)	0.0366 (6)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0140 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C9	0.0375 (6)	0.0348 (6)	0.0306 (5)	0.0003 (4)	0.0115 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C10	0.0411 (6)	0.0366 (6)	0.0321 (5)	0.0030 (5)	0.0139 (5)	0.0021 (4)
C11	0.0695 (9)	0.0288 (6)	0.0409 (6)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0231 (6)	-0.0010 (5)
C12	0.0381 (6)	0.0336 (5)	0.0307 (5)	0.0010 (4)	0.0121 (4)	0.0003 (4)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

S1—C12	1.6735 (13)	C2—C3	1.372 (3)
N1—C7	1.3358 (15)	C2—H2A	0.9300
N1—N2	1.3516 (16)	C3—C4	1.380 (3)
N2—C8	1.3283 (17)	C3—H3A	0.9300
N2—H1N2	0.84 (2)	C4—C5	1.390 (2)
N3—C10	1.2731 (17)	C4—H4A	0.9300
N3—N4	1.3950 (14)	C5—C6	1.3880 (19)
N4—C11	1.3693 (16)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N4—C12	1.3830 (15)	C6—C7	1.4744 (17)
N5—C11	1.2905 (18)	C7—C9	1.4160 (17)
N5—N6	1.3700 (16)	C8—C9	1.3862 (17)
N6—C12	1.3433 (16)	C8—H8A	0.9300
N6—H1N6	0.90 (2)	C9—C10	1.4460 (16)
C1—C2	1.382 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.3916 (19)	C11—H11A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300		
C7—N1—N2	105.45 (10)	C6—C5—C4	119.74 (15)
C8—N2—N1	112.74 (11)	C6—C5—H5A	120.1
C8—N2—H1N2	128.2 (13)	C4—C5—H5A	120.1
N1—N2—H1N2	119.0 (13)	C5—C6—C1	118.92 (13)
C10—N3—N4	117.80 (11)	C5—C6—C7	121.48 (12)
C11—N4—C12	107.64 (10)	C1—C6—C7	119.60 (12)
C11—N4—N3	118.92 (10)	N1—C7—C9	110.02 (11)
C12—N4—N3	133.20 (10)	N1—C7—C6	120.03 (11)
C11—N5—N6	103.26 (11)	C9—C7—C6	129.93 (11)
C12—N6—N5	114.42 (11)	N2—C8—C9	106.89 (11)
C12—N6—H1N6	125.9 (14)	N2—C8—H8A	126.6
N5—N6—H1N6	119.6 (14)	C9—C8—H8A	126.6
C2—C1—C6	120.79 (15)	C8—C9—C7	104.90 (11)
C2—C1—H1A	119.6	C8—C9—C10	127.30 (12)
C6—C1—H1A	119.6	C7—C9—C10	127.52 (11)

C3—C2—C1	120.07 (16)	N3—C10—C9	119.17 (12)
C3—C2—H2A	120.0	N3—C10—H10A	120.4
C1—C2—H2A	120.0	C9—C10—H10A	120.4
C2—C3—C4	119.84 (15)	N5—C11—N4	112.28 (12)
C2—C3—H3A	120.1	N5—C11—H11A	123.9
C4—C3—H3A	120.1	N4—C11—H11A	123.9
C3—C4—C5	120.62 (16)	N6—C12—N4	102.40 (10)
C3—C4—H4A	119.7	N6—C12—S1	126.82 (9)
C5—C4—H4A	119.7	N4—C12—S1	130.77 (9)
C7—N1—N2—C8	0.32 (16)	N2—C8—C9—C7	-0.12 (15)
C10—N3—N4—C11	164.74 (13)	N2—C8—C9—C10	174.12 (13)
C10—N3—N4—C12	-21.8 (2)	N1—C7—C9—C8	0.33 (15)
C11—N5—N6—C12	-0.19 (18)	C6—C7—C9—C8	178.66 (13)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (3)	N1—C7—C9—C10	-173.91 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.8 (3)	C6—C7—C9—C10	4.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.4 (3)	N4—N3—C10—C9	-178.11 (11)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.8 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N3	2.6 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.6 (2)	C7—C9—C10—N3	175.63 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.29 (14)	N6—N5—C11—N4	0.09 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.2 (2)	C12—N4—C11—N5	0.03 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.68 (15)	N3—N4—C11—N5	175.07 (12)
N2—N1—C7—C9	-0.39 (15)	N5—N6—C12—N4	0.20 (16)
N2—N1—C7—C6	-178.91 (12)	N5—N6—C12—S1	-179.73 (11)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-143.18 (14)	C11—N4—C12—N6	-0.14 (15)
C1—C6—C7—N1	36.93 (19)	N3—N4—C12—N6	-174.18 (13)
C5—C6—C7—C9	38.6 (2)	C11—N4—C12—S1	179.79 (12)
C1—C6—C7—C9	-141.26 (15)	N3—N4—C12—S1	5.8 (2)
N1—N2—C8—C9	-0.12 (16)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H1N2···S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.84 (2)	2.59 (2)	3.3593 (15)	153.6 (17)
N6—H1N6···N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (2)	1.91 (2)	2.7884 (15)	168.0 (2)
C10—H10A···S1	0.93	2.50	3.2183 (13)	134

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, -y+3/2, z-1/2$ ; (ii)  $x-1, -y+3/2, z+1/2$ .

## supplementary materials

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Fig. 1

